FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For

BROADCASTING PARTICIPATION FUND (BPF), INC./ FONDS DE PARTICIPATION À LA RADIODIFFUSION (FPR), INC.

For the year ended DECEMBER 31, 2019

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the directors of

BROADCASTING PARTICIPATION FUND (BPF), INC./ FONDS DE PARTICIPATION À LA RADIODIFFUSION (FPR), INC.:

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Broadcasting Participation Fund (BPF), Inc./Fonds de participation à la radiodiffusion (FPR), INC. (the Fund), which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2019, and the statements of operations and changes in net assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Fund as at December 31, 2019 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Emphasis of Matter

Without modifying our opinion, we draw attention to Note 1 to the financial statements which describes the finite nature of the funds of the Fund.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Fund or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Fund's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Chartered Professional Accountants Licensed Public Accountants

Ottawa, Ontario March 12, 2020.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

DECEMBER 31, 2019

<u>ASSETS</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>				
CURRENT ASSETS Cash Investments- note 4 Contributions receivable - note 5 Interest receivable Prepaid expenses	\$ 513,348 910,471 405,047 10,149 3,429 1,842,444	\$ 764,026 182,537 785,714 1,044 3,429 1,736,750				
LONG-TERM ASSETS Contributions receivable - note 5	<u>357,999</u>	882,380				
	\$ 2,200,443	\$ 2,619,130				
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS						
CURRENT LIABILITIES Accounts payable and accrued liabilities - note 6 Costs awards payable - note 7	\$ 15,961 40,790 56,751	\$ 22,843 126,783 149,626				
NET ASSETS Unrestricted	2,143,692	2,469,504				
	\$ 2,200,443	\$ 2,619,130				
Approved by the Board:						
ROBIN JACKSONDirector						

PENNY MCCANN

WILLIAM ATKINSON

. Director

. Director

(See accompanying notes)

STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

DEVENUE	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
REVENUE Contributions Interest	\$ - <u>21,652</u> <u>21,652</u>	\$ 1,612,645 10,253 1,622,898
EXPENSES		
Costs awards - note 7	227,410	<u>316,799</u>
General and administrative Costs officer	84,985	88,123
Directors' fees	8,000	13,001
Legal	17,335	21,795
Audit	5,650	5,650
Insurance	3,596	3,596
Bank charges	488	494
	<u>120,054</u>	132,659
	<u>347,464</u>	449,458
NET REVENUE (EXPENSES)	(325,812)	1,173,440
NET ASSETS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	2,469,504	1,296,064
NET ASSETS AT END OF YEAR	\$ 2,143,692	\$ 2,469,504

(See accompanying notes)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	
Net revenue (expenses)	\$ (325,812)	\$ 1,173,440	
Changes in level of: Contributions receivable Interest receivable Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Costs awards payable Deferred contributions	905,048 (9,105) (6,882) (85,993) 	(810,951) (767) 6,845 86,444 (15,980) 439,031	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchase of investments Proceeds from sale of investments	(727,934) 	(2,556) 200,000 197,444	
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH	(250,678)	636,475	
CASH AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	<u>764,026</u>	127,551	
CASH AT END OF YEAR	<u>\$ 513,348</u>	<u>\$ 764,026</u>	

(See accompanying notes)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS

In March of 2011, the Canadian Radio-television and Telecommunications Commission ("CRTC") released CRTC Broadcasting Decision 2011-163 which established the Broadcasting Participation Fund (the "Fund"). The mandate of the Fund was set out in CRTC Broadcasting Regulatory Policy Decision CRTC 2012-181 to: provide costs support to public interest groups and consumer groups representing non-commercial user interests and the public interest before the CRTC in broadcasting matters under the Broadcasting Act; support research, analysis and advocacy in both official languages directly related to ongoing CRTC broadcasting proceedings under the Broadcasting Act; retain an independent costs officer who shall be responsible for the day-to-day operations of the Fund subject to the overriding authority of the Board; and do all things which are in furtherance of the forgoing.

The Fund has received finite funds as a result of CRTC Decisions that determined that an applicant, desiring to change the control, or effective control, of a broadcasting undertaking, should provide financial contributions to this Fund. The timing and amount of future funding is not determinable by the Fund. The existing funds are finite and, as a result, the Fund may lack sufficient funds to approve and pay costs awards in respect of costs awards applications received by the Fund.

The Broadcasting Participation Fund (BPF), Inc./Fonds de participation à la radiodiffusion (FPR), INC. ("BPF") was incorporated without share capital under the Canada Not-for-profit Corporations Act on September 6, 2012 to operate the Fund. BPF began accepting costs awards applications in April of 2013 in respect of costs incurred on or after March 26, 2012.

The Fund operates on a not-for-profit basis and, as such is exempt from income tax pursuant to section 149(1)(I) of the Income Tax Act.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations as found in Part III of the CPA Handbook.

Revenue recognition

The organization follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions.

Contributions to the Fund are legislated from time to time by CRTC Decisions. Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue as of the date of the relevant CRTC Decision. Restricted contributions are recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are incurred. Some contributions may be payable by the contributor in multiple instalments spanning several reporting periods. Contributions that are unpaid as of the date of the financial statements are recognized as contributions receivable in the Statement of Financial Position.

Interest income consists of interest earned on the Fund's bank account and investments, and is recognized as revenue when earned.

Costs awards payable

Organizations applying for costs awards have no deadline by which the application must be submitted. As a result, costs awards are recognized as an expense and as a liability of the Fund only upon receipt of the submission by the Costs Officer and in an amount that is most likely to be approved for funding by the Fund's Board of Directors, determined as at the date of the financial statements. Any over or under provision for costs awards is recognized as an adjustment to costs awards expense in the year the award is paid.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Cont'd. YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Cont'd.

Financial instruments

The Fund's financial assets and liabilities are initially recognized at fair value and are subsequently measured at amortized cost at the financial statement date.

Transaction costs associated with the acquisition and disposal of investments are expensed as incurred.

Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations requires management to makes estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period.

Management makes estimates regarding costs awards and costs awards payable. The amounts estimated could differ from the final settlement costs awards and these differences could be material.

3. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT

The Fund is exposed to and manages various financial risks resulting from its operations and does not enter into financial instrument agreements including derivative financial instruments for speculative purposes.

The Fund's main financial risk exposure and its financial management policies are as follows:

Credit risk

The fund is exposed to credit risk in respect of its cash, contributions receivable and its investments. The Fund's cash and guaranteed investment certificates are deposited with a Canadian chartered bank and, as result, management believes the risk of loss on these items to be remote. Contributions to the fund are receivable from two corporations. There is a risk that the contributors may default on their financial obligations prior to paying their contribution in full. Management believes the risk of default is minimal given that fulfilment of the funding obligation is required in order for the contributor to maintain good standing with its regulatory body, the CRTC.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund cannot meet a demand for cash or fund its obligations as they become due. As of the release date of these financial statements, the working capital of the Fund is at a level that should be sufficient to satisfy any costs award submissions that are approved within the coming year. The Fund manages its financial obligations carefully and will not incur any liabilities, including the approval of costs awards, beyond the availability of its working capital.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Cont'd. YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT - Cont'd.

Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk is comprised of currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk.

i) Currency risk

Currency risk refers to the risk that the fair value of instruments or future cash flows associated with the instruments will fluctuate relative to the Canadian dollar due to changes in foreign exchange rates.

The Fund is not exposed to foreign currency risk as all funds are received, held and payable in Canadian dollars.

ii) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk refers to the risk that the fair value of financial instruments or future cash flows associated with the financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates. The Fund manages this risk through the implementation of prudent investment policies.

The Fund receives interest, calculated with respect to the Bank's composite prime interest rate, on its daily bank balance. The Fund's investments in high interest savings accounts have variable market interest rates.

iii) Other price risk

Other price risk refers to the risk that the fair value of financial instruments or future cash flows associated therewith will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from currency risk or interest rate risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual instrument or its issuer or factors affecting all similar instruments traded in the market.

The Fund is not exposed to significant other price risk.

Changes in risk

There have been no significant changes in the Fund's risk exposures from the prior year.

4. INVESTMENTS

The Fund's investments are as follows:

	2019		 2018			
			Fair			Fair
	Cost		<u>value</u>	<u>Cost</u>		<u>value</u>
Cash held for reinvestment High Interest Savings Accounts Guaranteed Investment Certificates	\$ 30 185,441 725,000	\$	30 185,441 725,000	\$ 30 182,507 -	\$	30 182,507 -
	\$ 910,471	\$	910,471	\$ 182,537	\$	182,537

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Cont'd. YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

5. CONTRIBUTIONS RECEIVABLE

CRTC's Broadcasting Decision CRTC 2013-310 required BCE Inc. to contribute a total of \$2,000,000 to the Fund. The contribution was to be received in seven equal annual instalments of \$285,714 from 2014 to 2020. The seventh and final instalment of \$285,714 is due within twelve months of the year end and is shown as a current asset.

CRTC's Broadcasting Decision CRTC 2018-91 required Sirius XM Canada Inc. to contribute a total of \$1,596,667 to the Fund. The contribution was to be received in seven annual instalments from 2018 to 2024. The first two instalments were in the amount of \$500,000 and the final five instalments are in the amount of \$119,333. The instalment of \$119,333 due in 2020 was received in 2019, leaving a receivable balance at the end of the year of \$447,322 of which \$119,333 has been classified as a current receivable and the remaining \$357,999 has been classified as a long-term receivable.

6. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities include government remittances owing of \$Nil (2018 - \$Nil).

7. COSTS AWARDS

The status of Costs Awards for the year is as follows:

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Claims paid during year Add unapproved claims at year end Less unapproved claims at start of year	\$ 313,403 40,790 (126,783)	\$ 230,355 126,783 (40,339)
Total Costs Awards expense for the year	\$ 227,410	\$ 316,799

Since December 31, 2019 and prior to the release date of these financial statements, claims totalling a further \$74,741 have been received.

8. **COMMITMENTS**

The Fund has entered into a contract with a company to perform Costs Officer services and other day-to-day administrative functions related to the operation of the Fund. The contract terminates on December 31, 2021 and calls for annual payments of \$75,000 plus HST.